## Form E1-A for Boston College Co@urriculum

## Department/Program Perspectives Program

1) Have formal learning outcomes for the department's Core courses been develoned are they? (What specific sets of skillend knowledge does the department expectudentscompleting its Core courses have acquired?)

As an interdisciplinary program providing coredit in philosophy, theology, arts, literature, social science and natural science, the learning outcomes of the Perspectives Program are developed by departments in those core areas.

However, each of the four Perspectives courses adapts the described arranged outcomes to the Perspectives mission of

- x providing a humanist context for professional and scientific education;
- x educating the whole person arfdrming students who are intelligent, responsible, reasonable, and attentive;
- x aiding students in the developing the skills of critical thinking and practical living; and
- x bringing faculty and students into conversation with the ancient, modern, and thinkers who have shaped our intellectual and spiritual heritage
- 2) Where are these learning outcomes publishe Be specific (Where are the department expected learning outcomes for its Core cours escessible on the web in the catalogor in your department handouts?)

The learning outcomes of the various core areas served by Perspectives can be found at the Core Requirements and Courses web page, as well as the total the total total

of the Perspectives Program ætso included in Core Office documentation connected to "Schedules of Distinction" courses.

3) Other than GPAwhat data/evidence is used to determine whethestudents have achieved the stated outcomes for the Core requiremen? (What evidence and analytical approaches you use to assess which of the student learning outcomes have been achieved or less well)?

Every year, Perspectives Program assessment is collaboratively undertaker **Peystpe**ctives Program faculty interpretations in workshops organized by the Director and Associate Director of Perspectives. This year the workshops weheld May 18 to May 20.

In addition, at the end of AY '222 faculty were askedy the Perspectives Program Director contribute to a program assessment of Perspectives on Western (Puttus pectives I) by gathering a randomized selection of classays written during the countribute to provide an account of the second semester by three students. In order to provide an animal provide an account of the second semester by three students.

submit anonymized essays by students #5, 10 and 20 from their (ostsorne equally randomized group, depending on class)siaecompanying assignment prompts were also requested Assignments related to two core aims of the course were to be highlighted:

- xStudentswill be able tounderstand the historical origins of values and principles that ground and are questioned in contemporary culture
- xStudents will be able to relatehilosophical and theological inquiry to the enduring questions animating the broader liberal arts tradition.

The request for essays was sent in May of AY 22 to all twenty professors to Retrispectives I in AY 21-22, consisting of full and patime faculty from both Theology and Philosophy. Essays from five instructors, representing seven sections of the course (two instructors taught two sections; one instructor's second class was quitell so did not submit a full complement of papers), were submitted for a total of 19 essays. The group of faculty who provided essays for the assessment included three members of the Theology Department and two members of the Philosophy Department, inudling two tenured or tenuteack faculty, two professors of the practice and one patime faculty member. Essay prompts were provided by only four of the instructors, thus three essays were not connected to a specific paper prompt.

The 19 essays used for the assessment represent an array of assignment types and essay formats. Assignment types included 1) exposition or basic analysis of a text, 2) application of a course text or theme to analyze a contemporary ethical issue, 3)-expect research into the work of one author, using primary and secondary sources, and 4) exploration of a major course theme through the lens of a text or author. Essays varied in length from 2200-words (generally 3-or 68 pages essays).

- 4) Who interprets the evidence? Whas the process? (Who in the department is responsible for interpreting the data and making commendations for curriculum or assignment changes if appropriate? When does this occu)?
  - The Director(Chris Constas) and Associate of (Kerry Cronin) despectives reviewed the submitted assignments.
- 5) What were the assessment results and what changes have been made as a result of using this data/evidence? (What were the major assessment findings? Have there been any recent changes to your curriculum or programPlow did the assessment data contribute to those changes?

All the assignments were wedbnstructed instruments with respect to the identified learning goals. Student responses were variable quality, of course, but all reflected at least a satisfactory understanding of the material.

The submitted essays all demonstrated the high level of engagement with texts and ideas we would expect to find in a rigorous, 12 credit course. It is clear that students were attempting to develop robust theses and sought to make clear use in essays of both overarching course themes and specific text references.

Most, though not all, students made regular and thoughtful use of texts to support their central arguments, illustrating clearly the course's goal thatdents "will be able to relate philosophical and theological inquiry to the enduring questions animating the broader liberal arts tradition" instance, one essay engages Girard's scapegoating hands in an analysis of Jim Crow laws in the US and later Civil Rights activism:

While Girard doesn't speak of scapegoating in the context of the Civil Rights Movement, he does in regards to religion, stating "...the scapegoating mechanism was accepted and justified, on the basis that it remained unknown. It brought peace back to the community at the height of the chaotic mimetic crisis" (Girard, Evolution and Conversion, 83). Clearly, scapegoating was occurring through the subjugation of the Black population, but the reasons as to why it was occurring were not known by the Whites, a central need for scapegoating for it to work. The White leaders of the confederate states

should. Because of this view, Locke tendes the notion that government improves upon the natural conception of justice.

Several prompts invited students to bring thinkers from the course into conversation, identifying interdisciplinary points of connection across eras. Student essays illustrated students' remarkable capacity for thinking flexibly through the curriculum:

In the following paragraphs, I will illustrate why Marx's communism is unsustainal beliange to Fred's theory of the displaceability of the libido and Thanatos.

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According to philosopher Thomas Hobbes, the state of nature for humans is the state of war. Since humans are innately selfish, naturally humans will be against each other and will compete with one another. This overlaps with Girard's mimetic crisis in society, iich a state of distrust and a state of all against all will ensue. According to Hobbes, the state of nature consists of a violent competition where humans have the right to everything and they do not have to consider the interests of others. In this souff society, the only way humans can peacefully coexist is if there is a common superior power that can control them all. This type of view regarding human nature is cynical yet realistic. As a result, adopting a Hobbesian mindset will result in a mectiveff solution than the scapegoat mechanism because it will prevent further scapegoating from emerging.

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 curiosity adds to the viciosness of the situation by deceiving the soul into thinking that there is no other alternative" (Lee 58). Augustine's own will betrays him in unknowingly seeking out God in the material world. The only way Augustine could overcome this harmful cycletey by ping